Specification for minimum standard of competency in Proficiency in Survival Craft

USC6-2000-7288-2

#### Proficiency in Survival Craft Skill Demonstrations

#### Skills that must be demonstrated:

1.	Give correct commands for launching and boarding a survival craft		
2.	Prepare and safely launch a survival craft	in the second	(3) (1)
3.	Safely recover survival craft	· ·	
4.	Start and operate a survival craft engine	*****	
5.	Steer (command) a survival craft under oars	The second secon	
6.	Row a survival craft	170	25) 13)
7.	Use of survival craft equipment	P3	
8.	Rig devices to aid location		Ç. j

Knowledge based **competencies** may be assessed through a written multiple-choice examination. The student must achieve a minimum-passing grade of 70%.

#### Skill demonstrations

As part of an approved Proficiency in Survival Craft course, students must meet the standards of competence set out in STCW Code Table A-VI/2-1. Each student must perform each required demonstration.

Using actual equipment, students must correctly demonstrate the skills listed above. The students will demonstrate his or her ability to steer (command) a lifeboat under oars and carry out rowing commands in a survival craft. Students steering the lifeboat will demonstrate getting underway, steering a straight course, turning to port in the shortest possible distance, turning to starboard in the shortest distance, stopping, and going astern while steering as straight a course as possible using both rudder and oars. For candidates for proficiency in survival craft other than fast rescue boats who serve on vessels that don't carry lifeboats, the assessment criteria should be modified as required to evaluate the launch, operation and recovery of rescue boats. The certificate issued will be restricted to service on vessels that are not required to carry lifeboats.

The examiner should use a checklist in conducting assessments of practical demonstrations of skill. Checklists allow a training institution or designated examiner to ensure that critical tasks are not overlooked when evaluating a student's practical demonstration. Assessment guidelines establish the conditions under which the assessment will occur, the performance or behavior the student is to accomplish, and the standards against which the performance is measured. As a convenience, sample checklists are provided for some of the required practical demonstrations.

Checklists were developed for skills that required the performance of numerous tasks in proper sequence. Checklists for less complex skills have not been developed. However, training institutions and designated examiners will want to develop their own checklists for use in the assessments. Students either pass or fail the assessment in accordance with the checklists attached.

#### Oar Commands

Each student commanding a lifeboat will use the commands listed in Checklist 5. Each student rowing a lifeboat will carry out the commands listed in Checklist 6.

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# 1. DEMONSTRATION: Give correct commands for launching and boarding a survival craft

Given a lifeboat properly stowed on a gravity davit system, when hearing the abandon ship signal or the order to lower the lifeboat, the student will give the correct commands to launch the boat.

Following each performance objective is the same expression in a columnar format:

Knowledge,	Performance	Performance	Performance	Assessor-l Date
understanding and proficiency	Condition	Behavior	Standard	
Command launching the lifeboat	Using a lifeboat properly stowed on gravity davits,	When hearing an abandon ship signal or the order in English to lower the lifeboat, the student will command launching the boat.	<ol> <li>Commands are issued in proper sequence.</li> <li>All tasks to launch the boat are verified.</li> <li>The boat is launched in ten minutes.</li> </ol>	

If the student properly carries out all the tasks listed, and launches the lifeboat in ten minutes, he or she passes. If the student fails to properly carry out any task, or fails to launch the boat in ten minutes, the student fails the practical examination. If the student fails, he or she should receive remedial training and be examined again.

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### 2. DEMONSTRATION: Prepare and safely launch a survival craft

Given a lifeboat properly stowed on a gravity davit system, when given orders to perform tasks necessary to prepare and launch a lifeboat, the student will correctly perform the tasks.

Knowledge, understanding and proficiency	Performance Condition	Performance Behavior	Performance Standard	Assessor/ Date
Launch the lifeboat	Using a lifeboat properly stowed on gravity davits,	The student will perform the following tasks:  1. Ready the boat to launch;	1. Remove boat cover and strong backs; plug drain; ready man ropes; ship tiller; check painter is secure to thwart; and remove gripes.	
		2. Pass the sea painter;	2. Lead painter inside falls; and outboard of all obstructions.	
		3. Secure sea painter;	3. Remove slack; and secure well forward by a round turn and figure eights on the bitts.	
		4. Attend the frapping lines;	4. Pass frapping lines around falls after the tricing pendants pull boat into side of the ship; slack as ordered during the boat's decent.	
		5. Release tricing pendants; and,	5. On command, let go tricing pendants.	
		6. Operate winch and brake.	6. On command, lift brake release and lower boat.	

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### 3. DEMONSTRATION: Safely recover survival craft

Given a lifeboat in the water, the student will command bringing the **lifeboat** under the falls, hooking the boat to the falls, raising the boat to the embarkation deck, raising the boat to its stowedposition, and securing the boat.

Knowledge, understanding and proficiency	Performance Condition	Performance Behavior	Performance Standard	Assessor/ Date
Safely recover a lifeboat	Using a lifeboat in the water,	the student will command:  1. bringing the lifeboat under the falls;  2. hooking the boat to the falls;  3. raising the boat to the embarkation deck;  4. raising the boat to its stowed position; and,  5. securing the boat.	<ol> <li>Commands are issued in proper sequence.</li> <li>All tasks needed to recover the boat are verified.</li> <li>The boat is recovered and secured within 15 minutes.</li> </ol>	

### 4. DEMONSTRATION: Start and operate a survival craft engine

Given a lifeboat equipped with an inboard engine, the student will start and operate the engine.

Knowledge,	Performance	Performance	Performance Standard	Assessor/ Date
understanding and proficiency	Condition	Behavior		
Start and operate a lifeboat engine	In a lifeboat equipped with an inboard engine,	the student will start and operate the lifeboat engine.	1. The oil and cooling water levels are in accordance with manufacturer's recommendation  2. Actions taken to start the engine are in accordance with operator's manual for the type of engine, hand crank, electric, or hydraulic; and,  3. The engine is operated in forward, neutral and reverse.	

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#### 5. DEMONSTRATION: Steer (command) a survival craft under oars

Given a lifeboat in the water, the student will get underway, steer a straight course by lifeboat compass, turn to port and starboard in the shortest possible distance, stop, and go astern while steering as straight as course a possible using both rudder and oars.

Knowledge, understanding and proficiency Steer (command) a survival craft under oars	Performance Condition  In a lifeboat in the water,	Performance Behavior  the student will: 1. get the boat underway; 2. steer a course by LB compass; 3. turn to port; 4. turn to	Performance Standard  1. Commands are issued in proper sequence.  2. Straight courses are ± 6°of direction given	Assessor/ Date
		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	direction given by examiner.  3. Oarsmen carry out commands	
			together	

#### 6. DEMONSTRATION: Row a survival craft

Given a lifeboat in the water, the student will carry out oar commands to row a lifeboat.

Knowledge, understanding and proficiency	Performance Condition	Performance Behavior the student will	Performance Standard  1. Actions in	Assessor/ Date
Row a lifeboat	In a lifeboat in the water,	respond correctly to the following commands:  1. Stand by the oars;  2. Out oars;  3. Stand by to give way;  4. Give way  5. Oars;  6. Hold water;  7. Back water;  8. Way enough; and,  9. Boat the oars.	response to the commands are correct.  2. The oarsmen carry out the actions in response to commands together.	

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### 7. DEMONSTRATION: Use of survival craft equipment

Given a SOLAS approved lifeboat, the student will demonstrate the correct use of the lifeboat equipment.

Knowledge,	Performance	Performance	Performance	Assessor/ Date
understanding and	Condition	Behavior	Standard	
proficiency				
Use survival craft equipment	Using a SOLAS approved lifeboat,	the student will demonstrate the correct use of the following equipment: 1. Bilge pump; 2. Rainwater collection device;	The bilge pump is readied for pumping.      The rain water collection device is correctly	
		<ul><li>3. Sea Anchor; and,</li><li>4. Thermal Protective Aids.</li></ul>	deployed. 3. The deployment of the sea anchor is simulated. 4. A TPA is correctly donned.	

### 8. DEMONSTRATION: Rig devices to aid the location of a lifeboat

Given a lifeboat radar reflector, the student will correctly rig the lifeboat radar reflector and position the SART.

Knowledge,	Performance	Performance	Performance	Assessor/ Date
understanding and	Condition	Behavior	Standard	
proficiency		_		
Rig devices to aid location	Given a survival craft radar reflector and a SART,	the student will correctly rig the following devices to aid location: 1. The boat's radar reflector; and, 2. The survival craft SART.	The radar reflector is rigged to maximize its radar return.      The SART is positioned to maximize its signal output.	
		2. The survival	positioned to maximize its	

Checklist 1. Give correct commands for launching a survival craft	PASS	FAIL
Muster crew and verify boat assignment.		
1. Verify individuals know their tasks as identified in the station bill.	cl	cl
2. Reassign tasks as necessary for missing or injured individuals.		
Visually inspect crew and passengers to ensure:		
1. PFD's are properly worn.		El
2. Crew brings their survival suits, if required.	cl	
3. Hard hats are worn by launching crew; remainder have appropriate head covering	cl	cl
Verify crewmembers bring equipment identified in their station bill as assigned.		
1. Radio Officer/Deck Officer - Radio, L/B VHF, SART.	cl	cl
2. GSU – Blankets		
3. Boat Engineer – Tools	cl	cl
Prior to launch, visually inspect the following:		
1. Hull	cl	
2. Davits		cl
3. Sea painter		cl ,
4. Tricing pendants		
5. Releasing gear lever in closed position		3 <b>U</b> 💖
6. Vessel list to determine if lifeboat can be launched		
7. Davit tracks for damage or obstructions		cl
8. Obstructions below in way of boat		cl
9. Drain plug is in place.		
10. Oars and Compass		
Prepare the lifeboat for launch	Ī	
1. Remove cover and strongback from lifeboat, if fitted.	cl	cl
2. Install boat plug.		cl
3. Check releasing lever in the non-release position.		
4. Lower man ropes.		cl
5. Lead sea painter forward and makes fast.		
6. Ship rudder.		cl
8. Release gripes.		cl
Lower boat to the embarkation deck		
9. Raise winch brake handle to lower away to embarkation deck.		cl
10. Reduce rate of descent and put on brake before tricing pendants take all the weight of the boat.	cl	
11. Pass the <b>frapping</b> lines and make them taut.	a1	$\vdash_{\sqcap}$
12 Order crewmembers into boat and to be seated.	cl	
13. Order launch crew to release <b>tricing</b> pendants.	cl	cl
Lower boat to the water		
14. Release brake and allow lifeboat to lower to the water.		
15. Order crewmember to release boat from falls by changing the release lever position.		
16. Order crewmembers to manually release the falls, according to sternway or headway, if	cl	
survival craft does not have automatic releasing gear.	cl	
17. Complete task in 10 minutes.	П	cl

Checklist 2. Prepare and safely launch a survival craft	Pass	Fail
A. Ready the boat for launch		
On command, the student will:		1
1. Remove the boat cover and strong backs (if fitted).		П
2. Insert the drain plug.		
3. Ready the manropes.		
4. Ship the tiller.		
5. Check that the painter is secure to the thwart.		
6. Remove gripes.		
<b>B.</b> Pass and secure the sea painter.		
On command, the student will:		
1. Lead painter inside falls and outboard of all obstructions		
2. Remove slack.		
3. Secure to a bitt on the main deck well forward by a round turn and figure eights.		
C. Attend frapping lines and tricing pendants.		1
On command, the student will:		
1. Pass frapping lines around falls after the tricing pendants pull		
boat into side of the ship		
2. Secure with figure eights to cleat on davit arm.		
3. Slack as ordered during the boat 's decent.		
4. When ordered, release tricing pendants		
<b>D.</b> Operate winch and brake during lowering the boat.		
On command, the student will:		
1. Lift brake release and lower boat, as directed by person in		
charge.	1	

Checklist 3. Safely recover a survival craft	PASS	FAIL
1. Recover the sea painter and secure to forward thwart.		
2. Check that falls are not twisted and hooks are facing each other.	cl	
3. Ease frapping lines out.	cl	
4. Order crewmember to connect forward fall if vessel is making headway, or to		
connect aft fall if vessel is making sternway.	i U	i U
5. Order crewmember to connect remaining fall.		
6. Secure releasing gear.		
7. Order boat raised by electrical hoist to just above the embarkation deck so that <b>tricing</b> pendant can be made fast.		
8. Lower boat to embarkation deck to disembark passengers and crew		
9. Remove drain plug		
10. Order boat raised by winch		
11. Check limit switches		
12. Resume raising boat by winch until stopped by limit switches. Switch off power to the winch.		
13. Order the boat raised to the boat cradle, using hand cranks, for the last 12 inches.  Don't allow winch brake to be used when hand cranks are in place or being used.		Ŋ∙
14. Secure locking bars		cl
15. Pass the gripes. Tighten the gripe turnbuckles until boat is pulled in against keel stops.		
16. Lower boat until it rests on keel stops.		cl
17. Release sea painter from forward deck and stow in boat.		
18. Replace strongback and boat cover, if fitted.	I 🗆	
19. Complete task in 15 minutes		

Checklist 5. Steer (command) a survival craft under oars	Pass	Fail
Give the command to fend off the bow.	]	
Give the command, "Stand by the oars."		
1. Crew picks up the oars at the loom so that the blade rests flat on		
the forward gunwales, push oars forward until the handle is over		
the respective thwart.		
Give the command, "Out oars."		
1. Crew lift the oars and places them in the oar locks		
Give the command, "Stand by to give way."	cl	
1. Crew hold oars horizontally, blades perpendicular, with the wrists		-
straight and arms extended full length; leans forward until knuckles		
almost touch the back of the person in front.	•	
Give the command, "Give way."		
1. Crew dips three-quarters of the blade into the water, braces feet against		
the stretcher, leans back, and draws the handle up to the chest.		
2. At the end of the first stroke, crew feathers the oars by rotating the wrist		
inward.		
3. Lean forward and repeats steps 1 and 2.		
STEER THE LIFEBOAT IN A STRAIGHT LINE BY	cl	
COMPASS.		
TURN THE LIFEBOAT TO PORT IN THE SHORTEST		
DISTANCE.	_	_
1. Turn rudder to port (put tiller to starboard)		
2. Hold water Port		
3. Give way starboard		
4. Backwater port		
TURN THE LIFEBOAT TO STARBOARD		
1. Turn rudder to starboard (put tiller to port)		-
2. Hold water starboard		
3. Give way port		
4. Backwater starboard		
STOP THE LIFEBOAT		
1. Hold water all		
STEER ASTERN		
1. Backwater all		
2. Adjust steering as necessary to achieve $\pm 6^{\circ}$		

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Checklist 6. Row a survival craft	PASS	FAIL
On the command, "Stand by the oars." 1		
1. Picks up the oar at the loom so that the blade rests flat on the		
forward gunwales, push oars forward until the handle is over the		
respective thwart.		
On the command, "Out oars."		
1. Lifts the oar and places it in the oar locks.		
On the command, "Stand by to give way."		Ŋ∙
1. Holds oar horizontally, blades perpendicular, with the wrists straight and		
arms extended full length; leans forward until knuckles almost touch the		
back of the person in front.		
On the command, "Give way."		
1. Dips three-quarters of the blade into the water, braces feet against the		
stretcher, leans back, and draws the handle up to the chest.		
2. At the end of the first stroke, feathers the oar by rotating the wrist		
inward.		
3. Lean forward and repeats steps 1 and 2.		
On the command, "OARS."		
1. Complete the stroke, stop rowing, and bring the oar horizontal at right angles to the keel the blades held flat.	with	
On the command, "HOLD WATER. "		
1. Complete the stroke, stop rowing, dip the oar about half way into water and hold water to	)	
stop the way on the boat.		
On the command, "BACK WATER."		
1. Row in astern motion.		
On the Command, "WAY ENOUGH."		
1. When rowing ahead, complete the stroke, raise oars with crook of elbow to about 30 deg	rees	
swing blade forward, and place oars in the boat.		
On the command, "BOAT THE OARS."		
1. From "Oars", place the oars in the boat with blades forward.		

#### **REFERENCES:**

LIFEBOAT MANUAL AMERICAN MERCHANT SEAMAN'S MANUAL